



GI DevCamp 2018 Hamburg

# Häufige Fehler bei der Verwendung von Kryptografie und wie man diese vermeidet

Maximilian Blochberger

Tom Petersen

Arbeitsgruppe SVS, Fachbereich Informatik, Universität Hamburg

## Zu uns



Maximilian Blochberger

← Yay, Datenschutz! →



Tom Petersen

Wissenschaftliche Mitarbeiter im Arbeitsbereich *Sicherheit in verteilten Systemen* an der Universität Hamburg.

Forschungsinteressen:

- Usable Security
- Mobile Security

Forschungsinteressen:

- Angewandte Kryptographie
- Datenschutz und PETs

# Vorweg

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- Vorerfahrungen? Programmieren – Kryptographie?
- MacBook dabei?
- Xcode installiert?

# IT-Sicherheit und Kryptographie

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## ■ Schutzziele

### – **Vertraulichkeit**

Schutz vor unberechtigtem Zugriff auf Daten

### – **Integrität**

Schutz vor unerkannter Veränderung von Daten

### – **Verfügbarkeit**

Sicherstellung der Nutzbarkeit von Ressourcen

## ■ Kryptographie

### – **Verschlüsselung**

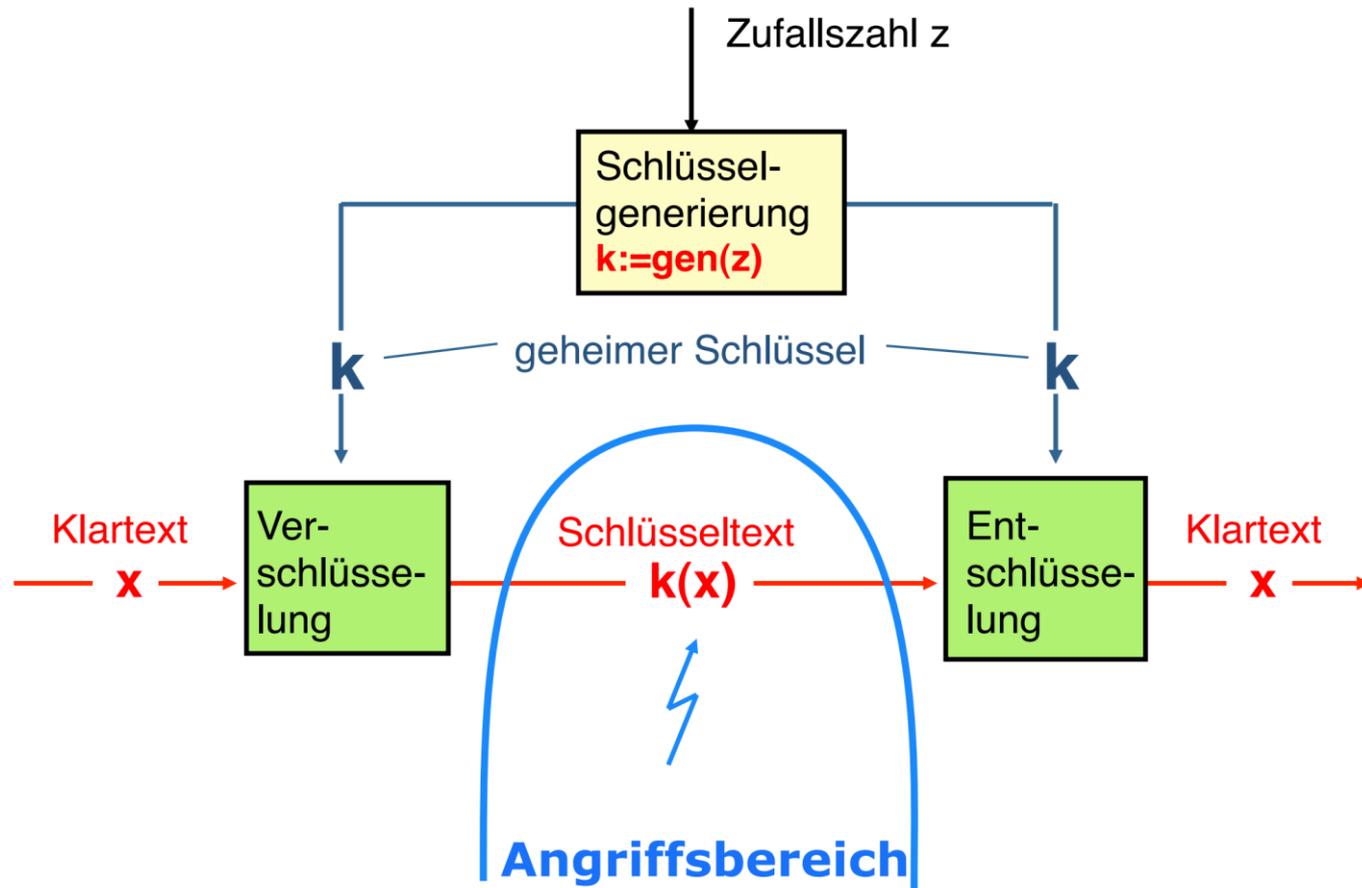
- **symmetrisch**

- **asymmetrisch**

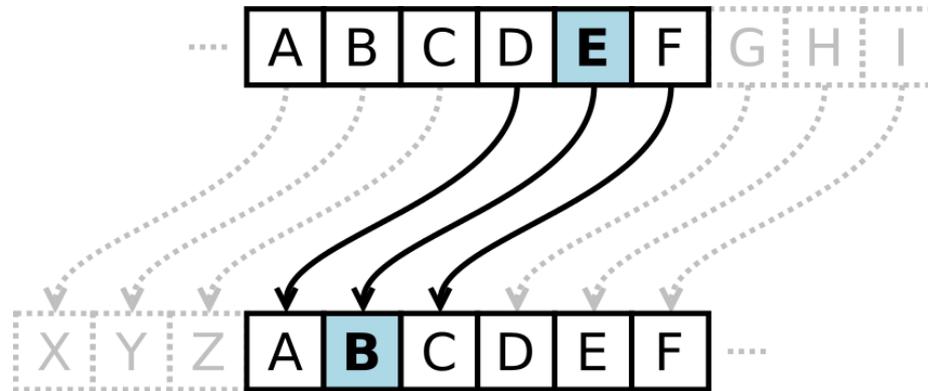
### – Signaturen

### – ...

# Symmetrische Verschlüsselung



# Beispiel für eine symmetrische Verschlüsselung: Cäsar-Chiffre



Plain:        ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

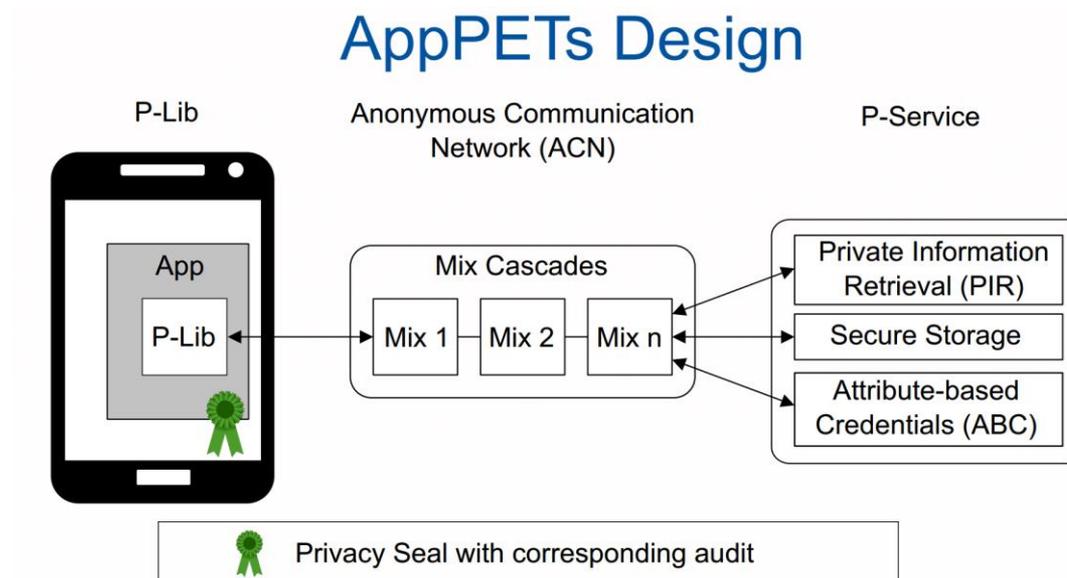
Cipher:      XYZABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ

Plain:        GI DEVCAMP

Cipher:      DF ABYZXJM

## Das AppPETS-Projekt

- Integration von datenschutzfreundlichen Technologien in Smartphone-Apps



- Kryptographische Bibliothek: **Tafelsalz**
- Für weitere Infos: <http://app-pets.org>

# Workshop-Aufgabe

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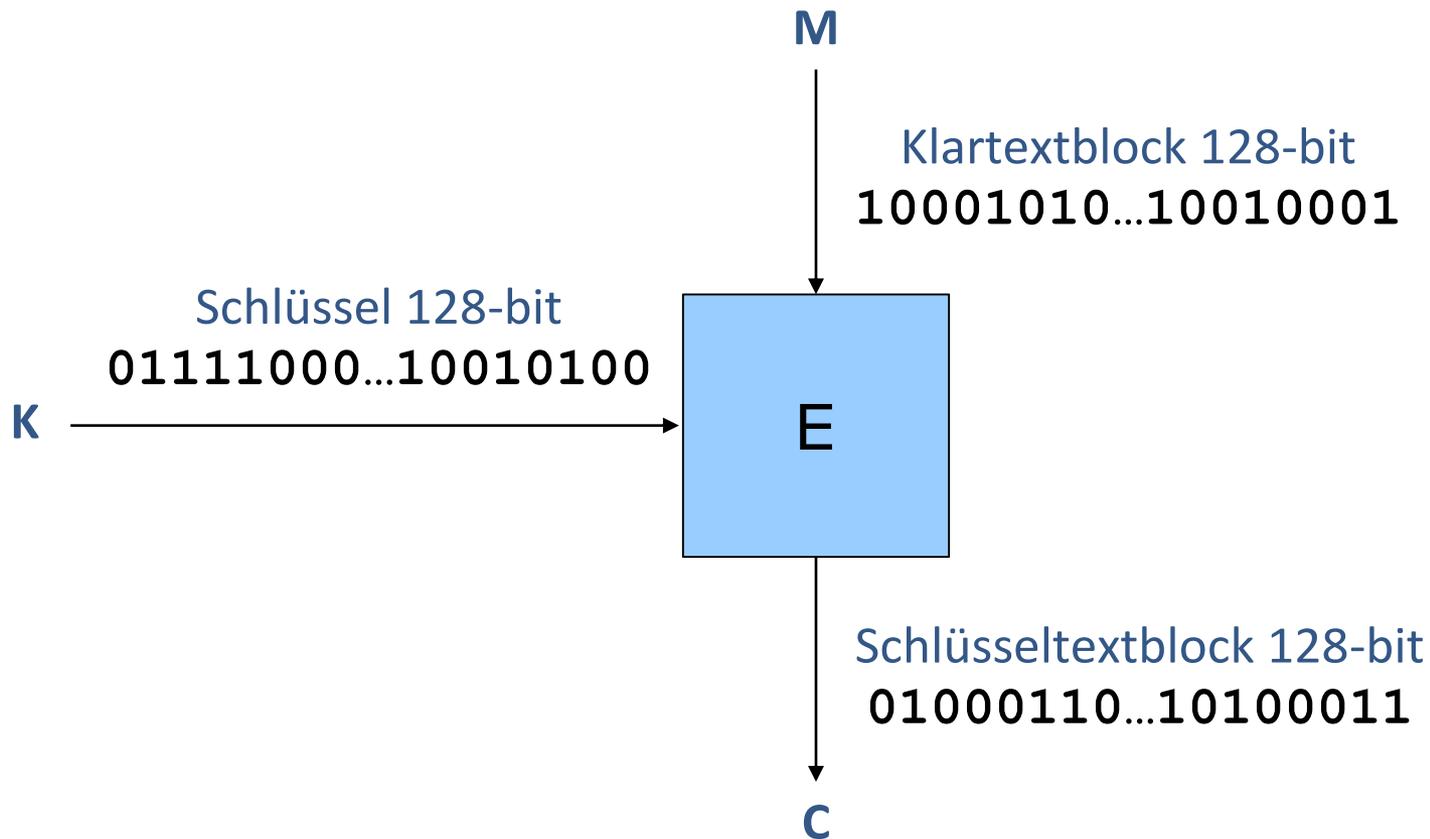
<https://github.com/AppPETs/DCrypt>

*(hoffentlich)*

Kryptographie ist einfach, oder?

## Symmetrische Verschlüsselung II

- Blockchiffren, beispielsweise AES-128



# Häufige Fehler bei der Verwendung von Krypto-Libs I

8 Answers

active

oldest

votes



You could use functions like these:

124



```
private static byte[] encrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] clear) throws Exception {
    SecretKeySpec skeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, skeySpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}

private static byte[] decrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] encrypted) throws Exception {
    SecretKeySpec skeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
    cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, skeySpec);
    byte[] decrypted = cipher.doFinal(encrypted);
    return decrypted;
}
```

# Ein erster Versuch

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```
private static byte[] encrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] clear) throws Exception {
    SecretKeySpec keySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    ...
    byte[] plaintext = ...
    byte[] key = ...

    ciphertext = encrypt(plaintext, key);
    ...
}
```

# Korrekte Parameterreihenfolge

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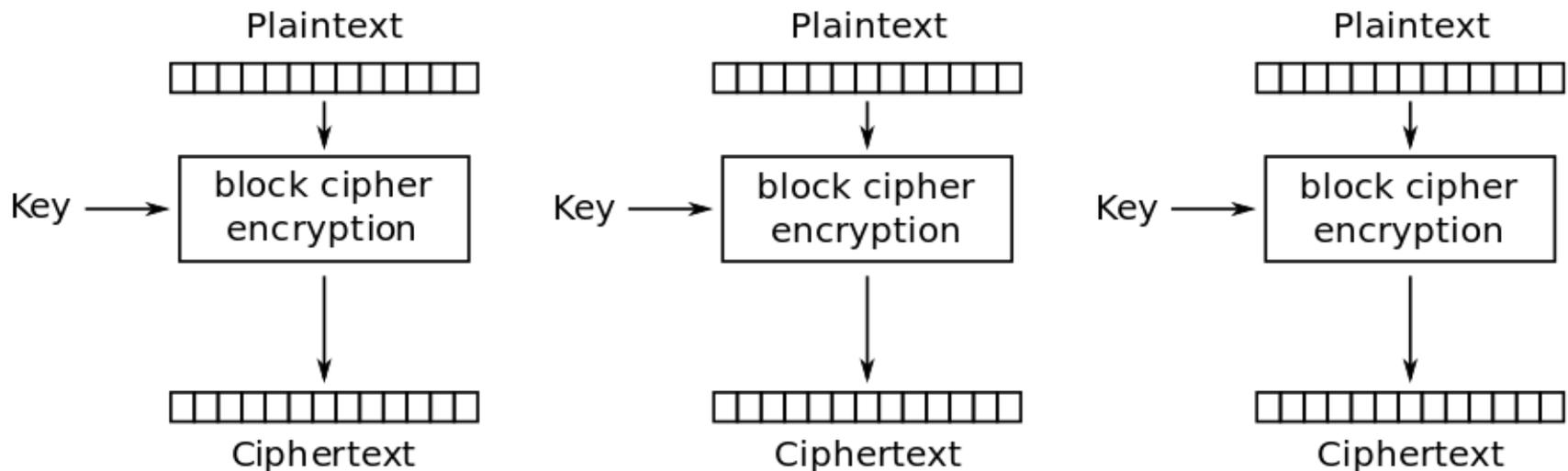
```
private static byte[] encrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] clear) throws Exception {
    SecretKeySpec keySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    ...
    byte[] plaintext = ...
    byte[] key = ...

    ciphertext = encrypt(key, plaintext);
    ...
}
```

## Symmetrische Verschlüsselung III

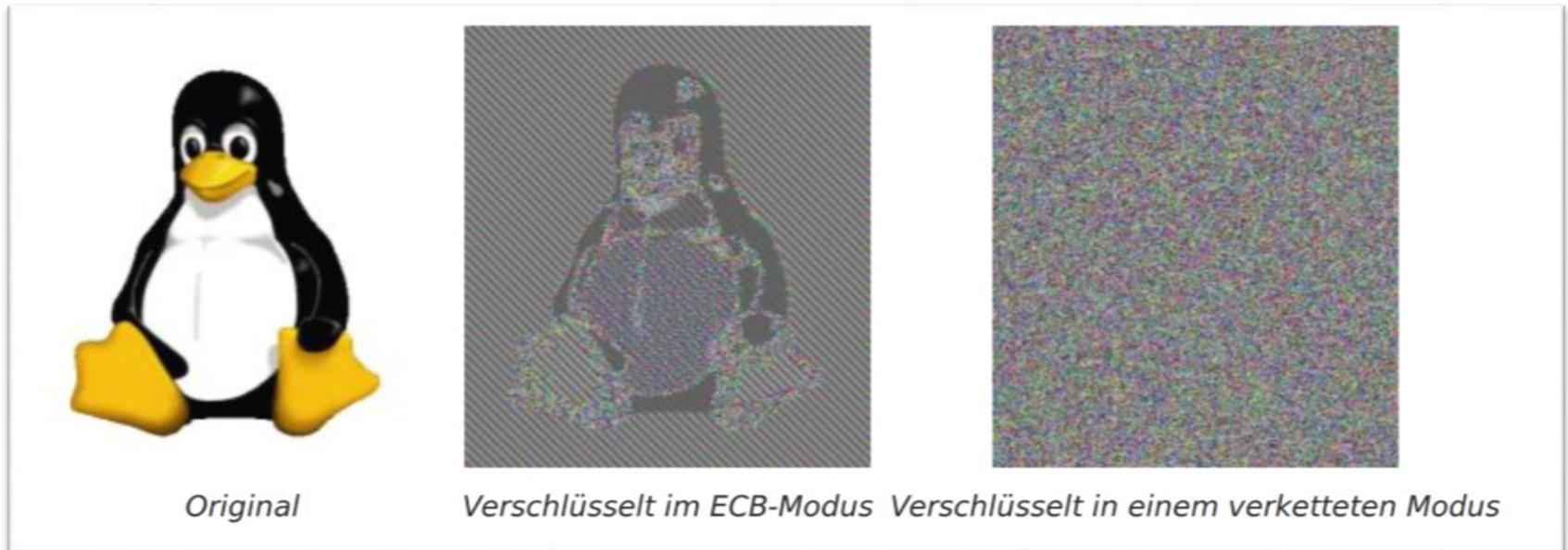
- Betriebsmodi: Wie werden Nachrichten länger als Blocklänge behandelt?



Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode encryption

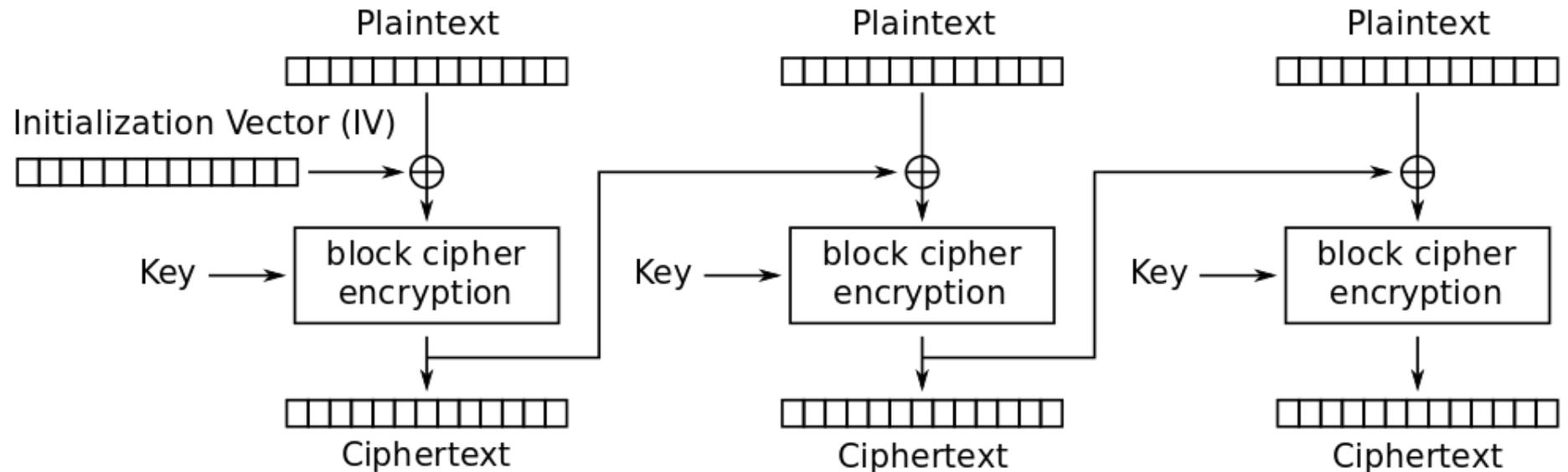
## Symmetrische Verschlüsselung III

- Betriebsmodi: Wie werden Nachrichten länger als Blocklänge behandelt?



## Symmetrische Verschlüsselung III

- Betriebsmodi: Wie werden Nachrichten länger als Blocklänge behandelt?



Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode encryption

# Cipher Block Chaining Mode

```
private static byte[] encrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] clear, byte[] iv) throws Exception {
    IvParameterSpec ivSpec = new IvParameterSpec(iv);
    SecretKeySpec keySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec, ivSpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    ...
    byte[] plaintext = ...
    byte[] key = ...
    byte[] iv = new byte [IV_SIZE];
    new Random().nextBytes(iv);

    ciphertext = encrypt(key, plaintext, iv);
    ...
}
```

# SecureRandom ftw

---

```
private static byte[] encrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] clear, byte[] iv) throws Exception {
    IvParameterSpec ivSpec = new IvParameterSpec (iv);
    SecretKeySpec keySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec, ivSpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    ...
    byte[] plaintext = ...
    byte[] key = ...
    byte[] iv = new byte [IV_SIZE];
    new SecureRandom().nextBytes(iv);

    ciphertext = encrypt(key, plaintext, iv);
    ...
}
```

# Passwort als Grundlage für Schlüssel

```
private static byte[] encrypt(byte[] raw, byte[] clear, byte[] iv) throws Exception {
    IvParameterSpec ivSpec = new IvParameterSpec (iv);
    SecretKeySpec skeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw, "AES");
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, skeySpec, ivSpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}
```

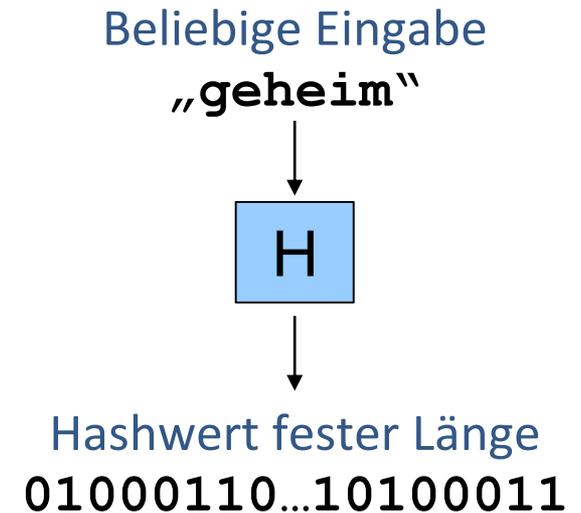
```
private static byte[] deriveKey(String password) {
    byte[] keyBytes = new byte[KEY_SIZE];
    Arrays.fill(keyBytes, (byte) 0x0);
    byte[] passwordBytes = password.getBytes("UTF-8");
    int length = Math.min(passwordBytes.length, keyBytes.length);
    System.arraycopy(passwordBytes, 0, keyBytes, 0, length);
    return key;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    ...
    String password = ...
    byte[] plaintext = ...
    byte[] key = deriveKey(password);
    byte[] iv = new byte [IV_SIZE];
    new SecureRandom().nextBytes(iv);

    ciphertext = encrypt(key, plaintext, iv);
    ...
}
```

## Schlüsselableitung (Key Stretching)

- Leitet aus dem Passwort einen kryptographischen Schlüssel ab
- Alle Bits des Schlüssels hängen vom Passwort ab
- Nicht umkehrbar





## Key stretching mit PBKDF2

```
private static byte[] encrypt(SecretKey keySpec, byte[] clear, byte[] iv) throws Exception {  
    IvParameterSpec ivSpec = new IvParameterSpec (iv);  
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");  
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec, ivSpec);  
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);  
    return encrypted;  
}
```

```
private static SecretKey deriveKey(char[] password) throws Exception {  
    byte[] salt = new byte[SALT_SIZE];  
    new SecureRandom().nextBytes(salt);  
    SecretKeyFactory factory = SecretKeyFactory.getInstance("PBKDF2WithHmacSHA256");  
    KeySpec spec = new PBEKeySpec(password, salt, ITERATIONS, KEY_SIZE);  
    SecretKey tmp = factory.generateSecret(spec);  
    SecretKey secret = new SecretKeySpec(tmp.getEncoded(), "AES");  
    return secret;  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {  
    ...  
    char[] password = ...  
    byte[] plaintext = ...  
    SecretKey genKey = generateKey(password);  
    byte[] iv = new byte [IV_SIZE];  
    new SecureRandom().nextBytes(iv);  
  
    ciphertext = encrypt(genKey, plaintext, iv);  
    ...  
}
```

# Verbleibende Probleme

```
private static byte[] encrypt(SecretKey keySpec, byte[] clear, byte[] iv) throws Exception {
    IvParameterSpec ivSpec = new IvParameterSpec (iv);
    Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
    cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec, ivSpec);
    byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(clear);
    return encrypted;
}
```

```
private static SecretKey deriveKey(char[] password) throws Exception {
    byte[] salt = new byte[SALT_SIZE];
    new SecureRandom().nextBytes(salt);
    SecretKeyFactory factory = SecretKeyFactory.getInstance("PBKDF2WithHmacSHA256");
    KeySpec spec = new PBEKeySpec(password, salt, ITERATIONS, KEY_SIZE);
    SecretKey tmp = factory.generateSecret(spec);
    SecretKey secret = new SecretKeySpec(tmp.getEncoded(), "AES");
    return secret;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    ...
    char[] password = ...
    byte[] plaintext = ...
    SecretKey genKey = generateKey(password);
    byte[] iv = new byte [IV_SIZE];
    new SecureRandom().nextBytes(iv);

    ciphertext = encrypt(genKey, plaintext, iv);
    ...
}
```

## Fazit

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- Dont't invent your own crypto!
- Nutzt High-Level-Bibliotheken
  - libSodium
  - Tafelsalz 😊
- Fragt Menschen, die wissen was sie tun!
- Betrachtet Copy&Paste-Lösungen mit Vorsicht!